Fiqh made easy

تَسْهِيلُ الْفِقْهِ

TAS-HEELUL FIQH

Shāfi'i

2

JAMIATUL ULAMA
TAALIMI BOARD

تَسْهِيْلُ الْفِقْهْ

TAS-HEELUL FIQH

Shāfi'i

2

Tasheel-ul-Fiqh Shafi'i Level 2
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Bismillahir Rahmaanir Raheem بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمنِ الرَّحِيمْ

INTRODUCTION TO *FIQH*

Allaah *Ta'aala* has commanded us to worship and obey Him. He sent Nabee Muhammad *Sallalahu Alaihi Wa Sallam* to teach us how to obey and worship Him. We cannot worship Allaah *Ta'aala* according to our own understanding. Our worship has to be in accordance to the laws of Allaah *Ta'aala.* The rules and regulations which outline the method of worship and obedience are termed as "Fiqh" The manner of purifying ourselves, the manner of performing Salaah, Fasting, Haj, Zakaah, Nikaah, etc. is explained to us through the subject of Fiqh. We acquire a clear understanding of the Deen through the study of Fiqh. Nabee Muhammad Sallalahu Alaihi Wa Sallam said:

"Whenever ever Allaah ﷻ desires good for a person, he grants him deep understanding of the deen. I only distribute (the knowledge) whilst Allaah ﷻ bestows (it to me)."

The great and famous Imaams have extracted the rules and regulations of Fiqh from the Qur'aan and Ahadeeth. Imaam Aboo Haneefah, Imaam Shaafi'ee, Imaam Maalik and Imaam Ahmad bin Hambal (May Allaah's mercy be upon them) are some of the great Imaams. After a deep study of the Sharee'ah, they have compiled books on Fiqh, making it easy for us to follow the Deen.

Lesson one

Using the Toilet

Our Deen is a complete way of life. Islaam teaches manners and habits for every part of our lives, even when we use the toilet. Islaam teaches us respect and cleanliness, when using the toilet. No one must see you when you are passing urine or stool. Make sure you leave the toilet clean after using it.

1. We do not enter the toilet barefoot and bare head.
2. We do not face the Qiblah while passing urine or stool.
3. We do not show our back to the Qiblah while passing urine or stool.
4. We do not eat, drink, or talk in the toilet.
5. We do not read any books, or newspapers in the toilet.
6. We do not read du'a or Qur'aan in the toilet.
7. We do not enter the toilet with anything on which Allaah's name can be seen.

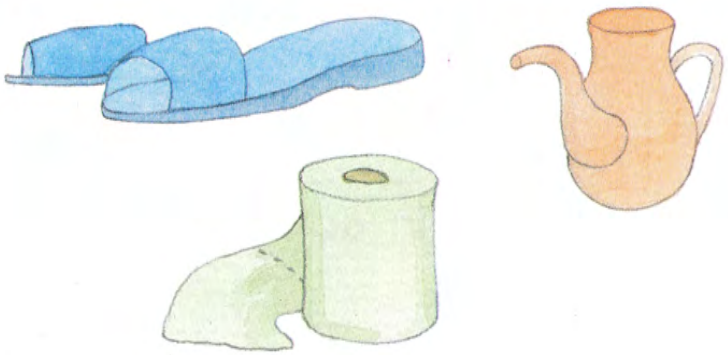
KEYWORDS:

bare foot	eat	newspaper
qiblah	talk	read
face	books	

Questions

Answer true or false:

1. We may enter the toilet barefoot.
2. We do not face or show our back to the Qiblah while passing urine or stool.
3. We may talk to our friends while relieving ourselves.
4. We do not read any du'a in the toilet.
5. We must leave the toilet in a clean state.



Activities

Circle the things we must not do on entering the toilet

Colour in activity

Match the words and circle the correct one

Each of the words tells us what not to do in the toilet.

eat	feet	beat	eat	ate
book	took	look	hook	book
read	weed	read	greed	need
talk	fork	walk	talk	stork

Join the dots

bare foot

eat

read

Lesson two

Virtues of Wudu

Wudu is a special way of cleaning ourselves taught to us by Allaah تَعَالىٰ. We make wudu before performing salaah or touching the Qur'aan. Wudu cleans our body and washes our sins. Salaah is not accepted without wudu. We cannot hold the Qur'aan without wudu.

1. Wudu will cause our face, arms, and feet to shine brightly on the Day of Qiyaamah (Bukhaaree, Muslim).
2. Our Prophet صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ will recognise us through our brightly shining body parts on the Day of Qiyaamah (Ahmad).
3. Wudu is the key to salaah (Ahmad).

KEYWORDS:

wudu	touching	performing
salaat	Qur'aan	Qiyaamah

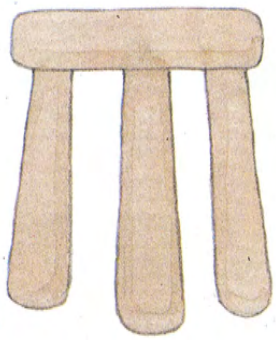
Questions

1. When will I make wudu?

   A ..... B .....

2. Wudu is the key to .....

3. Wudu will cause our ....., ..., ... and ..... to shine bright on the day of qiyaamah.

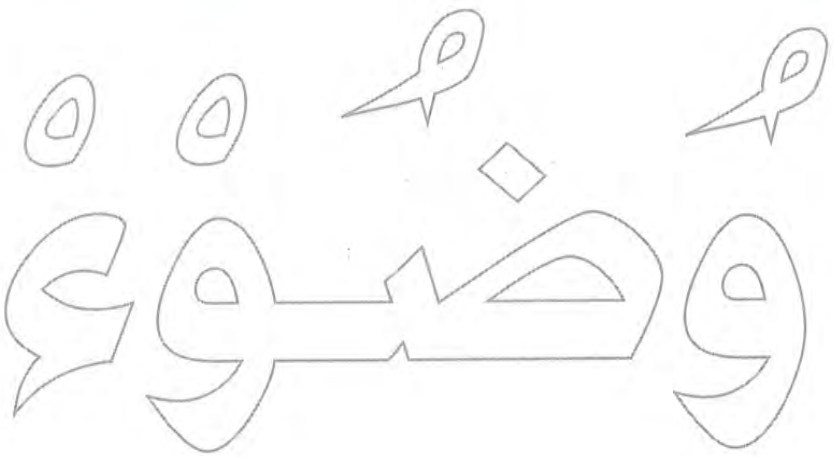


Activities

We must make wudu for the following activities:

Tick (✓) the correct one and (✗) in the incorrect one

salaah		eating	
touching the Qur'aan		making dua	
going to toilet		fasting	
travelling by car		dressing	



Colour in activity

Unscramble these words

udwu w ___ ___ ___

alasah s ___ ___ ___ ___ ___

raunQa Q ___ ___ ___ ___ ___

tuoch t ___ ___ ___ ___

Colour the words and join the dots

wudu wudu

salaah salaah

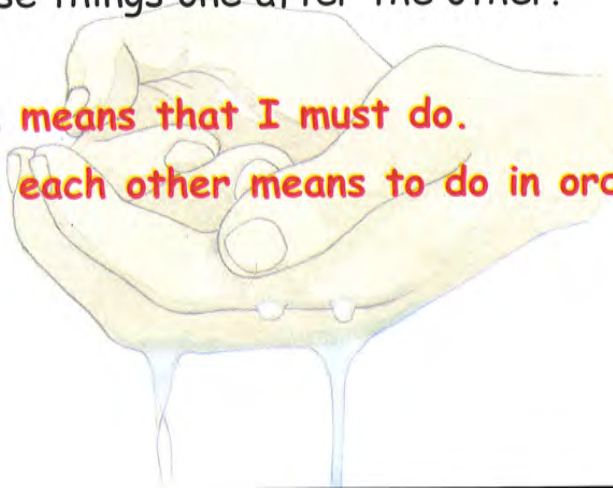
Lesson three

Faraaidh of wudu

There are certain parts of the body that must be washed in Wudu. It is fardh - compulsory to wash these parts. If any of these parts remain dry, wudu is not complete. Salaah is not accepted without complete wudu.

The Faraaidh of wudu are as follows:

1. To make intention for making wudu.
2. To wash the full face.
3. To wash both the arms.
4. To make masah of the head. Masah is to pass wet hands over the head.
5. To wash both the feet.
6. To do all these things one after the other.



NOTE: **Fardh means that I must do.**
After each other means to do in order.

KEYWORDS:

face	arms	feet
wash	masah	intention

Questions

1. I must make ..... to make wudhu.
2. I must wash my .....
3. I must ..... both my .....
4. I must make ..... of my .....
5. I must ..... my feet.
6. I must make sure to do all .....

Tick off the faraaidh of wudu (✓)

- ☐ Wash toes
- ☐ Wash feet
- ☐ Wash back
- ☐ Wash clothes
- ☐ Wash face
- ☐ Masah of the ears
- ☐ Wash arms
- ☐ Masah of the head
- ☐ Wash legs
- ☐ Masah of the neck
- ☐ Make intention
- ☐ Do all one after the other.

Activities

Put the faraaidh of wudu in correct order

after each other - arms - head - face - feet - intention

1	2	3	4	5	6

Colour the correct answer in the blocks

Faraaidh of wudu

1. There are | 6 | 8 | 3 | 4 | faraaidh of wudu.

2. It is fardh to wash the

ears	chin	forehead	face	eyebrows

3. It is fardh to wash both

ears	eyes	hands	toes	arms

4. It is fardh to make masah of the

head	beard	ears	nose	neck	toes

5. It is fardh to wash both

arms	hands	feet	ears

6. It is fardh to do all

after each other	mixed up

Colour in activity

Unscrambled these words

deah h ___ ___ ___

shaw w ___ ___ ___

etef f ___ ___ ___

mar a ___ ___

Join the dots

face wash

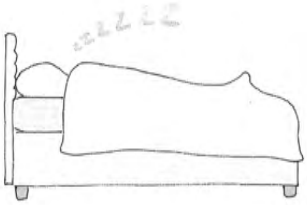
masah

Lesson four

Things that break wudu

A Muslim who has Wudu is pure and clean. When his wudu breaks, he is no longer pure and clean. He has to make Wudu again before performing Salaah or reciting the Qur'aan.

1. Wudu breaks when we sleep
2. Wudu breaks when we pass urine
3. Wudu breaks when we pass stool
4. Wudu breaks when we pass wind.



Colour in activity

KEYWORDS:

Sleep	stool
pass urine	break

Questions

1. When I sleep my wudu .....
2. My wudu breaks when I pass ..... or .....
3. Does my wudu break when I break wind? .....

Cross out the acts that break wudu:

a. eating

b. sleeping

c. drinking water

d. passing urine

e. going for a drive

f. breaking wind

Join the dots

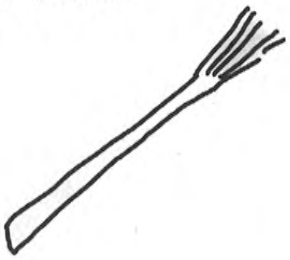
sleep urine

Lesson five

Practical wudu

The method of making wudu:

1. Make niyyah (intention)
2. Read Bismillah
3. Wash both hands upto the wrist three times
4. Make miswaak
5. Gargle the mouth three times
6. Clean the nose three times
7. Wash the face three times
8. Wash both arms three times
9. Make khilaal of the fingers (Khilaal is to pass the wet fingers of one hand between the fingers of the other hand)
10. Make masah of the whole head three times.
11. Wash both feet and make khilaal of the toes. (Pass a wet finger between the toes)



KEYWORDS:

bismillah	gargle	khilaal
wrist	miswaak	arms
toes	niyyah	

"Salaah before which miswaak was made is seventy times better than a salaah (performed) without making miswaak." (Baihaqi)

Questions

1. How many times must each part be washed? .....
2. What is masah? .....
3. What is khilaal? .....
4. What should be read before starting wudu?

   .....
5. Explain the practical wudu .....

   .....

   .....

Activities

Colour all the activities necessary practical for wudu in blue and the other words in red.

learn Qur'aan	clean your home	bismillah	wash both arms
cut nails	wash whole head	makkah	athaan
wash both feet	use a towel	wash hands	read salaah
make dua	drive car	use water jug	gargle miswaak
clean the nose	wash socks	khilaal of fingers	washing knees
go to masjid	read asr salaah	masah of the head	cleaning shoes

Colour in activity

Put in correct order for making wudu

a. wrist b. bismillah c. toes d. gargle e. miswaak
f. khilaal of the toes g. arms h. nose i. niyyah
j. Khilaal of the fingers k. masah of the head
l. face

1.	2.	3.	4.
5.	6.	7.	8.
9.	10.	11.	12.

Join the dots

miswaak

toes

arms

Lesson six

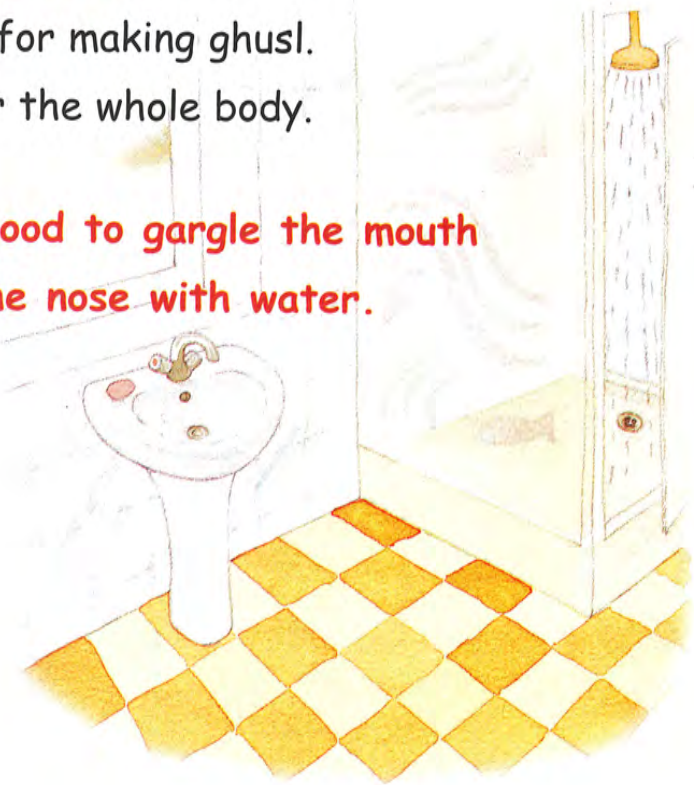
Ghusl

Ghusl means to take a bath. The whole body must be washed when making ghusl. We must not waste water when making ghusl. It is fardh - compulsory to wash every part of the body. If any part remains dry, ghusl will not be complete.

The Faraaidh of ghusl are:

1. To make intention for making ghusl.
2. To pour water over the whole body.

NOTE: **It is also good to gargle the mouth and blow the nose with water.**



KEYWORDS:

gargle	nostrils	water	intention
mouth	whole body	pour	

Questions

1. I must make ..... for making ghusl.
2. I must put ..... in my .....
3. I must .... over my whole body.

Draw lines to the correct answers:

1. When making ghusl we must first
2. Next we must
3. Thereafter we must

a. make intention
b. gargle mouth
c. wash ears
d. rinse nostrils
e. brush teeth
f. clean nails
g. wash whole body

Lesson seven

Salaah

Salaah is the most important act of worship in Islaam. On the day of Qiyaamah, the first thing Allaah shall question us about is our salaah.

"Once Nabee صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ came out of his house. It was autumn and the leaves were falling off the trees. He caught hold of a branch of a tree and the leaves began falling in large numbers. He said, :O Aboo Zarr, When a Muslim offers his salaah to please Allaah, his sins fall off him (just) as leaves fall of this tree." (Ahmad)

"Salaah is the key to jannah" (Ahmad)

"Salaah is the pillar of Deen" (Bayhaqee)

Muslims read five salaahs in a day

The names of the five Salaah are:

1. Fajr 2. Zuhr 3. Asr 4. Maghrib 5. Ishaa

KEYWORDS:

autumn	sins	pillar
offers	virtues	

Questions

1. Salaah is the key to .....
2. Salaah is the ..... of .....
3. What is the name of the first salaah? .....
4. Name the second salaah? .....
5. Name the third salaah? .....
6. Name the fourth salaah? .....
7. Name the fifth salaah? .....

Activities

Search for the five daily Salaah

fajr

zuhr

asr

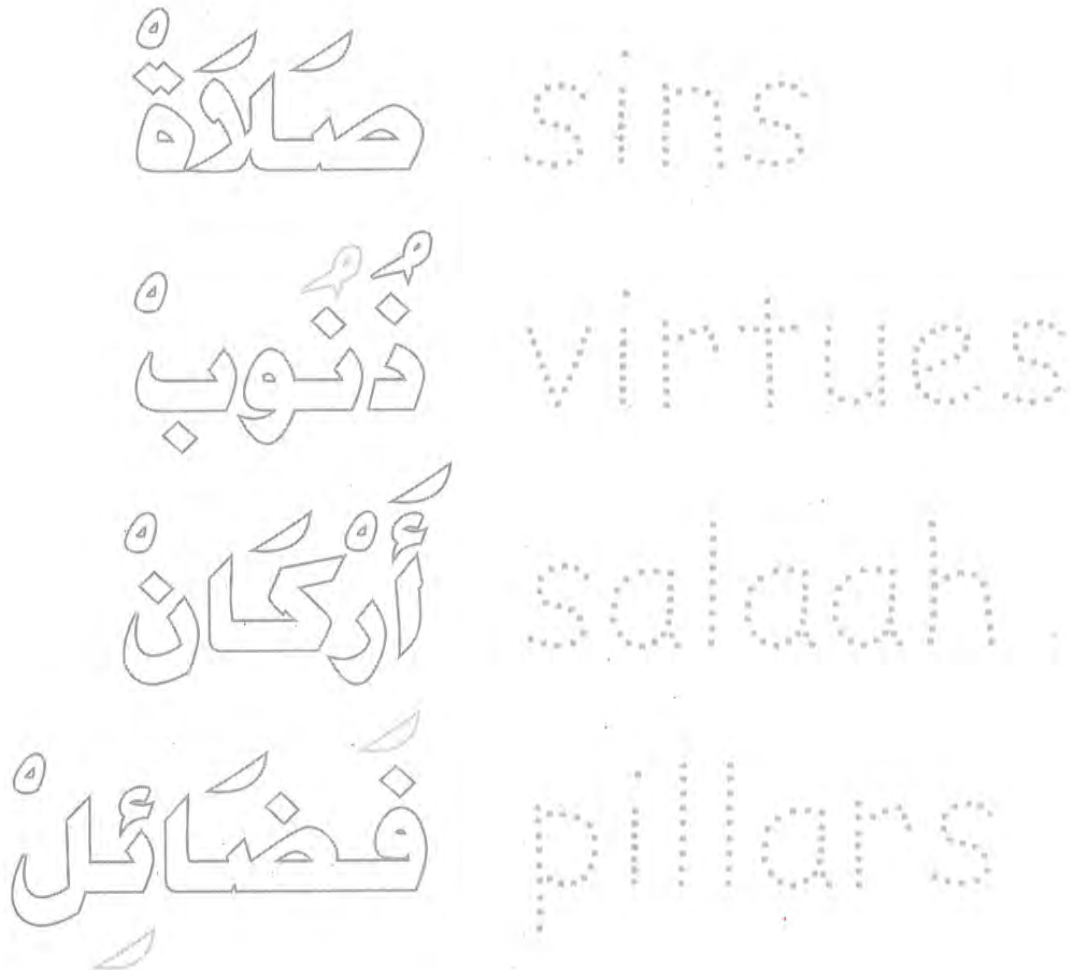
maghrib

ishaa

m	a	g	h	r	i	b
f	y	i	o	l	z	r
s	f	a	j	r	s	i
b	m	r	y	a	w	q
x	o	r	h	u	z	h
k	l	b	t	n	s	a
a	a	h	s	i	t	v

Colour in activity

Colour the words, join the dots and match the Arabic to the English words



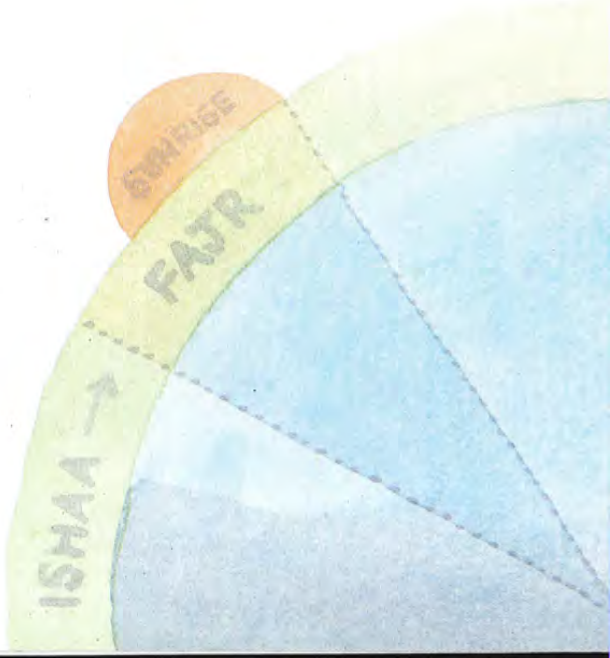
Lesson eight

The times of salaah

Allaah تَعَالىٰ has fixed the time for each Salaah. To delay Salaah without a good reason is a major sin. A person who misses a single salaah is like one who has lost all his family and belongings

The times of salaah:

1. Fajr is read in the early part of the morning before the sun rises.
2. Zuhr is read after midday (noon)
3. Asr is read in the late afternoon
4. Maghrib is read after the sun sets.
5. Ishaa is read at night.



KEYWORDS:

early morning	after midday	before sunrise
late afternoon	after sunset	night

Questions

1. What are the times of day for the following salaah:

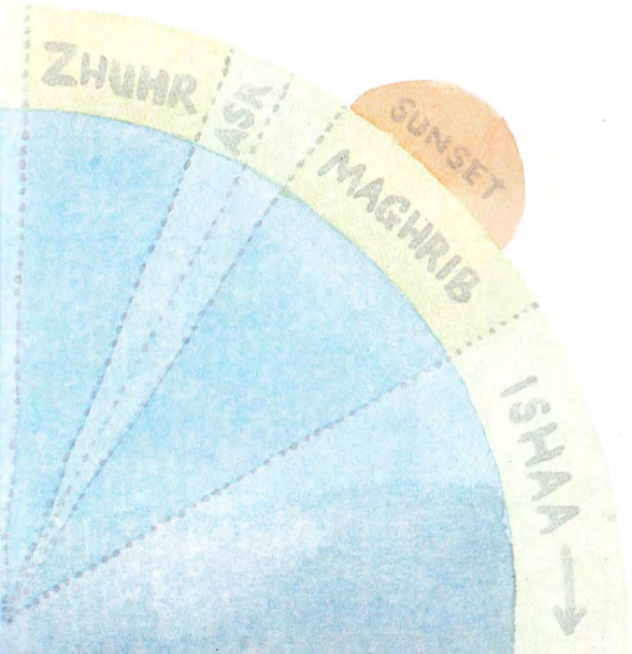
   Fajr: .....

   Zuhr: .....

   Asr: .....

   Maghrib: .....

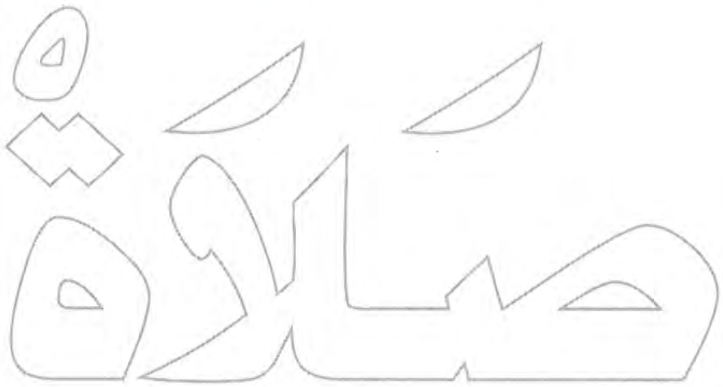
   Ishaa: .....



Activities

Match the salaah with the time of day

asr	early morning
maghrib	night
Zuhr	after sunset
ishaa	afternoon
fajr	after midday

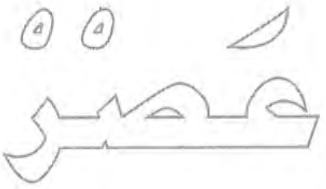


Colour in activity

Colour the words, join the dots and match the Arabic to the English words

asr

fajr



Zuhr

ishaa

maghrib

Lesson nine

Postures of salaah

One day a man entered the masjid while Nabee صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ was sitting in the corner. He read salaah and then came to make salaam with Nabee صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ. Nabee صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ returned his salaam and told him to read his salaah again. The man repeated his salaah and returned to Nabee صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ. Nabee صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ told him to repeat his salaah again. After repeating his salaah three times Nabee صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ told him to complete every posture correctly by making sure that he keeps still before going into the next posture. (Bukhaaree and Muslim)

Nabee صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ also said: "The worst thief among people are those who steal in their salaah." They (Sahaabah) asked: "How can he steal in his salaah?" He replied: "He does not complete its rukoo and sujood." (Ahmad)

Sahaabah are the people who were with Nabee صلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمْ and loved to follow him.

KEYWORDS:

standing	posture	rest forehead
bow	sajdah	rukoo
right left	thief	Sahaabah

Qiyaam - to stand	Rukoo - to bow
Qaumah - to stand after Rukoo	Sajda - to rest the forehead on ground
Jalsah - to sit between sajdas	Qadah - to sit after 2 or 4 rakaats
Salaam - to turn the head to the right then to the left to end salaah.	Takbeer - to say "Allahu Akbar"

Questions

What do the following mean? Explain by means of actions.

a. Qiyaam

b. Rukoo

c. Qaumah

d. Sajdah

e. Jalsah

f. Qadah

g. Salaam

Activities

Unscramble these words

tsnaingd s___ ___ ___ ___ ___ ___ ___ ___

owb b___ ___ ___

rste r___ ___ ___ ___

ghtri r___ ___ ___ ___ ___

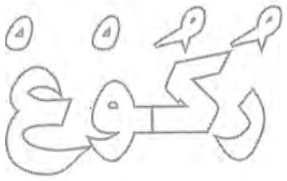
eflt l___ ___ ___ ___

After activities include a practical demonstration by each child.

Colour in activity

Colour the words, join the dots and match the Arabic to the English words

Qadah



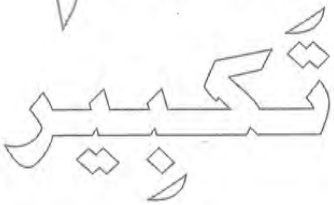
Qiyaam

Salaam

Qaumah

Sadjah

Takbeer



Rukoo

Word search

Qiyaam	Jalsah	to bow	takbeer
Rukoo	Qadah	to stand	
Qaumah	Salaah	Sajdah	

a	q	d	f	r	m	k	f	s	f	h	t	a	s	d	f
g	i	j	m	q	a	u	m	a	h	z	o	c	f	r	h
u	y	j	n	m	p	k	d	d	s	d	b	t	r	e	h
b	a	n	j	d	t	j	p	r	g	h	o	d	f	h	y
h	a	a	s	e	g	j	k	u	i	o	w	p	s	s	w
a	m	v	c	v	h	j	u	k	f	w	w	t	y	a	a
z	p	y	v	d	e	g	j	o	s	t	u	i	k	j	s
d	f	g	u	e	k	s	t	o	w	e	l	j	b	d	r
w	e	s	a	l	a	a	h	s	r	t	m	i	q	a	q
d	t	j	p	r	g	h	o	d	f	h	v	j	f	h	p
q	a	d	a	h	w	a	t	g	v	i	o	a	k	q	d
j	u	k	f	w	w	t	y	a	a	f	b	l	a	t	j
g	j	o	s	t	u	i	k	j	s	b	f	s	n	m	z
s	t	o	j	f	p	l	j	h	g	q	s	a	b	v	x
j	i	o	l	s	d	e	t	y	m	d	v	h	b	t	i
a	t	o	s	t	a	n	d	w	g	j	c	f	s	t	y
t	a	k	b	e	e	r	f	g	k	l	m	n	s	t	u

Notes to the Muallim/ah

This book will come with 9 sets of flash cards and suggestions for teaching of lesson one.

Period 1:

Write the word istinjaa on the board. See if the children remember what the word means. Do a quick revision of the previous years work. Now ask the children questions like - "do we eat while in the toilet?" And the children will definitely say no. Tell the children that now similarly there are other things that we do not do and we now introduce the first flash card - barefoot. The children may not be able to read this word at this stage so ask them to repeat after you. Ask them to find the word in their book and to trace the word with their fingers.

Pupil activity:

- Finding the words in the book that are the same as those on the flash cards.
- Tracing the words with their fingers.

Period 2:

- Revise what was taught previously.
- Introduce the flash card - Qiblah.
- Find out if the children understand what the word Qiblah is.
- Get the children to try and show you the direction of the Qiblah in the class.
- Now explain point 3 to them. (Try to do this practically.)
- Trace the word Qiblah.
- Explain point four to them.

Pupil activity:

- Finding the Qiblah.
- Tracing the word Qiblah.
- Revise the previous periods work.
- Ask the children if anyone of them reads books or newspapers while in the toilet.
- Then go onto to explain as Muslims we do not read any books and newspapers in the toilet.
- While doing this put up the flash words - newspaper - books.
- Go onto introducing point 6. When doing this put up the flash card - dua and qur'aan.

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